Ferotec Friction Ltd

D3924 Safety Data Sheet

IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION OF THE COMPANY

PRODUCT: D₃924 Friction Material COMMON USES: Brakes/Clutch Lining SUPPLIER: Ferotec Friction Ltd

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COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product contains a number of ingredients, all of which have become sealed in a synthetic rubber/resin binder resulting in a low probability of dust/fibre release.

| Chemical Name | CAS No | Concentration (%)` | OEL | Exposure limit | Risk Phrases |
|--|-------------|--------------------|--|----------------|--------------|
| Mineral Fibres (E-glass continuous filament) | 287922-11-6 | < 6 | 2 fibres/ml, 5mg/m³ dust | 8 hour TWA | R38, R40 |
| Para-aramid Fibre | 24938-64-5 | < 1 | o.5 fibres ml ⁻¹ respirable fibres | 8 hour TWA | |
| Synthetic rubber | 67254-76-6 | < 17 | o.6 mg/m³ fume 6 mg/m³ dust | 8 hour TWA | - |

HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Exposure to dust created by handling this product should be kept a low as reasonably practicable and limits as above are observed. Handling of this product may cause skin irritation. No health risks have so far been known in cases where this product has been handled and processed properly.

The mineral fibres have been classified by the EU as Carc.Cat.3 (substances which cause concern Specific Hazards

for man owing to possible carcinogenic effect) and as an irritant to skin. High dust levels may

irritate the throat and eyes.

FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation Avoid breathing dust. In the event of excessive inhalation of dust, remove the individual to fresh

air. Obtain medical advice.

Clean skin with soap and water. Obtain medical advice if irritation persists. Skin Contact

Irrigate with clean water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical advice if irritation persists, **Eye Contact** Ingestion It is not normally considered that the product will be ingested, but if small quantities are

ingested, seek medical advice.

FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media Any standard extinguishing media may be used.

Protective Equipment Fire fighters, and others exposed, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Exposure Hazards When heated to very high temperatures, may give off smoke and decomposition products which

may contain toxic compounds.

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Use personal protective equipment as recommended in section 8. Avoid breathing dust. Personal Precautions

Environmental Precautions No special precaution required

Methods for Cleaning up Remove any dust generated by vacuum or wet cloth.

Issue 3 May 11 Page 1 of 3

Ferotec Friction Ltd

D3924 Safety Data Sheet

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Excessive handling may generate dust. Use adequate ventilation to keep dust concentration

below stipulated standard.

Storage Conditions Prevent exposure to temperatures above 100°C.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

exposure standard.

Personal Protection
Respiratory Protection
Wear suitable protection if exposure limits are exceeded.

Hand Protection Wear impervious gloves.; use suitable barrier creams and maintain good hygiene

standards.

Eye Protection Wear safety glasses when machining or abrading the product.

Skin Protection Wear overalls of close weave material

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

AppearanceBlack solidColourBlackpH-valueNot applicableMelting point/rangeNot applicableExplosive propertiesAs supplied, does not present an explosion hazard. however, dust produced from grinding operations

presents an explosion hazard.

Density Autoflammability 1.97 to 2.07g/cm³ Flammability Does not support combustion but will burn at elevated temperatures. Will burn when finely divided. Odour Boiling point/range Characteristic friction material odour Not applicable Flash point Not applicable Not applicable Vapour pressure Solubility in water Not applicable Viscosity Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Stable

Conditions to avoid Prolonged exposure to elevated temperatures >300°C

Materials to avoid Not applicable

Hazardous decomposition products CO, CO₂, SO_x, styrene, butadiene and cyanides

Hazardous Reactions None - relatively inert

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Short Term Effects

Inhalation May cause irritation to upper respiratory tract

Ingestion Not established

Skin Contact May cause temporary irritation

Eye Contact May cause irritation

Chronic Effects

Inhalation The glass fibre present in this product is not classified as respirable (*fibres with*

diameters <3.0µm that are capable of entering the respiratory system). Assessment of toxicity of man-made mineral fibres has identified the fact that fibres which cannot enter the respiratory system will not be a factor for the induction of respiratory

diseases.

IngestionNot establishedSkin ContactNot establishedEye ContactNot established

Carcinogenicity The International Agency for Research on Cancer designated glass fibre a Group 3

"not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity". Rockwool fibres are classified by the EU as Carc.Cat.3 (substances which cause concern for man owing to possible

carcinogenic effect). See below:

Mineral Fibres
11.1 Coarse fibres

Coarse fibres can cause itching of the skin, foreign body reaction in the upper respiratory system (mucous membranes) and in the eyes. The itching and possible inflammation are a mechanical reaction to the coarse fibres (of more than about 5 μm in diameter) and are not damaging in the way chemical irritants may be. They generally abate within a short time after the end of the exposure. When products are

handled continually, the skin itching generally diminishes.

11.2 Respirable fibres <u>Animal studies</u>

Lifetime inhalation studies of rats exposed to high levels of stone wool fibres have not shown any excess of lung tumours. However, they did produce evidence of fibrosis

Issue 3 May 11 Page 2 of 3

Ferotec Friction Ltd

D3924 Safety Data Sheet

(scar tissue) at the higher exposure levels. The fibrosis occurred late and was at a low level. Studies using non-physiological routes of administration (implantation or injection) and high does of fibres have shown an excess of tumours.

Experiences in humans (Epidemiological Studies)

Large morbidity and mortality studies of both European and North American mineral wool manufacturing workers have been conducted.

the studies have found no significant evidence of non-malignant lung disease (e.g. fibrosis). The studies have not established a casual relationship between exposure to stone wool and malignant diseases (lung cancer or mesothelioma).

In the latest follow-up in Europe, there was some excess of lung cancer. However, much of the excess was observed in one production plant, where workers had been exposed to asbestos and polycyclic hydrocarbons. For the remaining plants, there was little evidence of an association of stone wool production and any excess of lung cancer. To establish reasons for the unexplained excess, a case-control study is being conducted.

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Bioaccumulation Not established Mobility Not established Ecotoxic effects Not established

Biodegradation Not inherently biodegradable

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Product Seal all dust created by abrading in impervious bags and dispose to a suitable

licensed landfill site.

Remove all packaging for recovery or incinerate/landfill **Contaminated Packaging**

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not classified as dangerous for conveyance, use any container of suitable size and length.

REGULATORY INFORMATION

EEC Classification The product contains Mineral Fibres (Machine made vitreous (silicate) fibres).

Danger symbol Xn. Harmful Irritating to skin (R38) Risk Phases

Possible risks of irreversible effects (R40)

Safety Phrases Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves (S₃6/₃₇)

Refer to Health & Safety at Work Act 1974

Control of Substances hazardous to Health (COSHH) Regulations 1994

Please note This Safety Data Sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace

risk as required by other health and safety legislation. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Further Information Health and Safety Executive Guidance Note

EH40/2000- Occupational Exposure Limits 2000 Health and Safety Executive Guidance Note

EH46- Man-Made Mineral Fibres Health and Safety Executive Guidance Note

MDHS14 - General Methods for the Gravimetric Determination of Respirable and Total

Inhalable Dust

Health and Safety Executive Guidance Note MDHS59 - Man-Made Mineral Fibre

This information is based on our present knowledge and is accurate at the date of issue, to the best knowledge of Ferotec Friction Ltd. However, it shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product featured and shall not establish a legally contractual relationship and condition or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, we do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.

For any additional information, contact Ferotec Friction Ltd.

Issue 3 May 11 Page 3 of 3